

ОБЪЕКТНО- ОРИЕНТИРОВАННОЕ ПРОГРАММИРОВАНИЕ



Лекция № 1 / 07
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KEEP
CALM
AND
STUDY
ALGORITHMS

STL ALGORITHMS

STL ALGORITHMS

- Легкость сопровождения.
- Правильность.
- Эффективность.

Входные
итераторы

Выходной
итератор

Абстракция
входных данных

Абстракция
выходных данных

Алгоритм

Абстракция
действия над одним
элементом

Предикат или
операция

COPYING ITEMS FROM CONTAINERS TO CONTAINERS

...

```
int main()
{
    std::vector<std::pair<int, std::string>> v {
        {1, "one"}, {2, "two"}, {3, "three"}, {4, "four"}};
    std::map<int, std::string> m;

    std::copy_n(v.begin(), 3, std::inserter(m, m.begin()));

    ...
}
```

COPYING ITEMS FROM CONTAINERS TO CONTAINERS

...

```
std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream &os,
                           const std::pair<int, std::string> &p)
{
    return os << "(" << p.first << ", " << p.second << ")";
}

int main()
{
    ...
    auto shell_it (std::ostream_iterator<
                    std::pair<int, std::string>>{std::cout, ", "});
    std::copy(m.begin(), m.end(), shell_it);

    return 0;
}
```

STD::COPY

```
template <typename InputIterator, typename OutputIterator>
OutputIterator copy(InputIterator it, InputIterator end_it,
                    OutputIterator out_it)
{
    for (; it != end_it; ++it, ++out_it) {
        *out_it = *it;
    }

    return out_it;
}
```

STD::COPY

```
template <typename InputIterator, typename OutputIterator>
OutputIterator copy(InputIterator it, InputIterator end_it,
                    OutputIterator out_it)
{
    const size_t num_items (std::distance(it, end_it));
    memmove(out_it, it, num_items * sizeof(*it));
    return it + num_items;
}
```

SORTING CONTAINERS

...

```
int main()
{
    std::vector<int> v {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10};

    std::random_device rd;
    std::mt19937 g {rd()};

    std::cout << std::is_sorted(v.begin(), v.end()) << '\n';

    std::shuffle(v.begin(), v.end(), g);

    std::cout << std::is_sorted(v.begin(), v.end()) << '\n';

    ...
}
```

SORTING CONTAINERS

```
bool isLessThanFive(int i){  
    return i < 5;  
}  
  
int main()  
{  
    ...  
    std::sort(v.begin(), v.end());  
  
    std::cout << std::is_sorted(v.begin(), v.end()) << '\n';  
  
    std::shuffle(v.begin(), v.end(), g);  
  
    std::partition(v.begin(), v.end(), isLessThanFive);  
}
```

SORTING CONTAINERS

```
int main()
{
    ...
    std::shuffle(v.begin(), v.end(), g);

    auto middle (std::next(v.begin(), int(v.size()) / 2));
    std::partial_sort(v.begin(), middle, v.end());

}
```

SORTING CONTAINERS

```
int main()
{
    ...
    std::shuffle(v.begin(), v.end(), g);
    std::sort(v.begin(), v.end(), std::greater<int>());
}
```

TRANSFORMING ITEMS IN CONTAINERS

...

```
int square(int i){  
    return i * i;  
}  
  
int main()  
{  
    std::vector<int> v {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10};  
  
    std::transform(v.begin(), v.end(),  
                  std::ostream_iterator<int>{std::cout, ", "}, square);  
  
    std::cout << '\n';  
    ...  
}
```

TRANSFORMING ITEMS IN CONTAINERS

...

```
std::string int_to_string(int i){  
    std::stringstream ss;  
    ss << i;  
    ss << "2 = ";  
    ss << i * i;  
    return ss.str();  
}  
  
int main()  
{  
    std::vector<int> v {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10};  
    std::vector<std::string> vs;  
  
    std::transform(v.begin(), v.end(),  
                  std::back_inserter(vs), int_to_string);  
}
```

FINDING ITEMS

```
struct city {  
    std::string name;  
    unsigned population;  
};  
  
bool operator==(const city &a, const city &b) {  
    return a.name == b.name && a.population == b.population;  
}  
  
int main()  
{  
    const std::vector<city> c {  
        {"Aachen",           246000},  
        {"Berlin",            3502000},  
        {"Braunschweig",     251000},  
        {"Cologne",           1060000}  
    };  
}
```

FINDING ITEMS

...

```
int main()
{
    ...
    auto found_cologne (std::find(c.begin(), c.end(),
                                    city{"Cologne", 1060000}));
    //std::vector<city>::iterator found_cologne (
    //    std::find(c.begin(), c.end(), city{"Cologne", 1060000}));
}
```

FINDING ITEMS

```
...
bool isCologne(const city& item){
    return item.name == "Cologne";
}

int main()
{
    ...
    auto found_cologne (std::find_if(c.begin(), c.end(),
                                      isCologne));

    // std::vector<city>::iterator found_cologne(
    //                                         std::find_if(c.begin(), c.end(),isCologne));
}

}
```

FINDING ITEMS

...

```
int main()
{
    std::vector<int> v {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10};

    bool contains_7 {std::binary_search(v.begin(), v.end(), 7)};

    auto [lower_it, upper_it] =
        std::equal_range(v.begin(), v.end(), 7);

    // half-open interval
    // [lower; upper)

    // std::pair<std::vector<int>::iterator, std::vector<int>::iterator> range =
    //     std::equal_range(v.begin(), v.end(), 7);
    // std::vector<int>::iterator lower_it = range.first;
    // std::vector<int>::iterator upper_it = range.second;
}
```

LOCATING PATTERNS IN STRINGS WITH STD::SEARCH

```
int main()
{
    const std::string long_string {
        "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consetetur"
        " sadipscing elitr, sed diam nonumy eirmod";
    const std::string pattern {"elitr"};
    auto match (std::search(std::begin(long_string),
                           std::end(long_string),
                           std::begin(pattern),
                           std::end(pattern)));
}
If found substring: return iterator on
substring.
If not found: return std::end(long_string)
```

LOCATING PATTERNS IN STRINGS WITH STD::SEARCH

```
int main()
{
    const std::string long_string {
        "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consetetur"
        " sadipscing elitr, sed diam nonumy eirmod";
    const std::string pattern {"elitr"};
    auto match (std::search(std::begin(long_string),
                           std::end(long_string),
                           std::default_searcher{
                               std::begin(pattern),
                               std::end(pattern)}));
}
```



C++17

LOCATING PATTERNS IN STRINGS WITH STD::SEARCH

```
int main()
{
    const std::string long_string {
        "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consetetur"
        " sadipscing elitr, sed diam nonumy eirmod";
    const std::string pattern {"elitr"};
    auto match (std::search(std::begin(long_string),
                           std::end(long_string),
                           std::boyer_moore_searcher{
                               std::begin(pattern),
                               std::end(pattern)}));
}
```



C++17

LOCATING PATTERNS IN STRINGS WITH STD::SEARCH

```
int main()
{
    const std::string long_string {
        "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consetetur"
        " sadipscing elitr, sed diam nonumy eirmod";
    const std::string pattern {"elitr"};
    auto match (std::search(std::begin(long_string),
                           std::end(long_string),
                           std::boyer_moore_horspool_searcher{
                               std::begin(pattern),
                               std::end(pattern)}));
}
```



C++17

LOCATING PATTERNS IN STRINGS WITH STD::SEARCH

String: Winter is coming .

Pattern: coming

- ① "r" nonexistent in pattern.
Shift by whole pattern width.

coming

- ② Position of next "o" known.
Shift by that amount.

coming

- ③ Match. Compare all items
right to left. Bingo!

DICTIONARY MERGING TOOL

```
int main()
{
    std::deque<std::pair<std::string, std::string>> dict1;
    std::deque<std::pair<std::string, std::string>> dict2;
    std::deque<std::pair<std::string, std::string>> dstDict;
    //Init dict1, dict2
    ...
    //-----
    std::sort(std::begin(dict1), std::end(dict1));
    std::sort(std::begin(dict2), std::end(dict2));

    std::merge(std::begin(dict1), std::end(dict1),
              std::begin(dict2), std::end(dict2),
              std::back_inserter{dstDict});
}
```

FILL CONTAINERS

```
int main()
{
    std::vector<int> v {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10};
    std::fill(v.begin(), v.end(), -1);
}
```

STD::GENERATE

```
int main()
{
    std::vector<int> v(5);
    std::generate(v.begin(), v.end(), std::rand);
}
```

```

#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <algorithm>

using namespace std;

inline bool isEven(int x) {
    return x % 2 == 0;
}

template <int N>
inline bool greaterThan(int x) {
    return x > N;
}

int main() {
    vector<int> x = { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 };

    if (!all_of(x.begin(), x.end(), isEven))
        cout << "Not all are even!" << endl;

    if (any_of(x.begin(), x.end(), isEven))
        cout << "But there is at least one even!" << endl;

    if (none_of(x.begin(), x.end(), greaterThan<10>))
        cout << "No number is > 10!" << endl;

    return 0;
}

```

Checks by predicate

```
#include <string>
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>
#include <cctype>

using namespace std;

int main() {
    string w("Dolly"), e("\t\t\n"), s("Hello Dolly!");

    if (all_of(w.begin(), w.end(), ::isalnum))
        cout << w << " is alphanumeric" << endl;

    if (all_of(e.begin(), e.end(), ::isspace))
        cout << "e is completely whitespace" << endl;

    cout << "Space in " << s << ":" <<
        count_if(s.begin(), s.end(), ::isspace) << endl;

    return 0;
}
```

Same for strings

```
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>
#include <iterator>
#include <vector>

using namespace std;

struct less_than {
    less_than(int _value)
        : value(_value) {}

    bool operator()(int x) const {
        return x < value;
    }

    int value;
};

int main() {
    vector<int> x = { 1, 2, 3, 4 }, y;
    copy_if(x.begin(), x.end(), back_inserter(y), less_than(3));

    for (auto val: y)
        cout << val << endl;           // 1... 2

    return 0;
}
```

КОНЕЦ СЕДЬМОЙ ЛЕКЦИИ

```
const string str {"End of 7 lecture!"};
```

```
copy(begin(str), end(str),  
      ostream_iterator<char>{cout});
```